LOOP TO MATER SUPIL

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION CALENDAR YEAR 2014 TY OF DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH Public Water Supply Name 24000 Z 940255 List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

Trease the boxes that apply.
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
☐ Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement) (A) On water bills (attach copy of bill) ☐ Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below) ☐ Other
Date(s) customers were informed:/ / ,/ /
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used
Date Mailed/Distributed: / /
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) ☐ As a URL (Provide URL ☐ As an attachment ☐ As text within the body of the email message
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper:
Date Published:/ /
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) District Dublic Library / Water at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):
http://www.msrwa.org/2014cerldiberville.pdf
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the 2014 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
Rust Ovice MADR. 5/1/15 Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) Date
Deliver on conduct I.C. Describer

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to: (601)576-7800

May be emailed to: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

2015 MAY -7 PM 5: 14

2014 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report City of D'Iberville PWS#: 0240002 & 0240255 April 2015

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Miocene, Pascagoula Formation, Graham Ferry Formation Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the City of D'Iberville have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Thomas Burrows at 228.323.5524. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first & third Tuesdays of the month at 5:30 PM at the City Hall located at 10383 Auto Mall Parkway.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2014. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2014, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, Industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10.000.000.

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL.	Likely Source of Contamination
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5. Gross Alpha	N	2013*	8,	48	pCi	L	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic (Conta	ıminants							
10. Barlum	N	2014	.0066	.00190066	ppn	1	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13, Chromlum	N	2014	1.1	.5 – 1.1	ppb		100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2011/13*	.1	0	ppn	1	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
15. Cyanide	N	2014	18	No Range	ppb		200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
16. Fluoride	N	2014	.409	.261409	ррп	1	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2011/13*	3	О	ppb		0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Volatile Or	ganio	Contam	inants						
66. Ethylbenzene	N	2013*	1	No Range	ppb		700	700	Discharge from petroleum refineries
76. Xylenes	N	2013*	3,72	No Range	ppn	1	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
Disinfection	n By-	Products							
81. HAA5	N	2014	24	8 - 24	ppb	0			By-Product of drinking water lisinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2014	36.73	10.02 – 36.73	ppb	0			By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2014	1.20	.1 - 3.3	mg/l	0	MDI		Vater additive used to control nicrobes

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PWS ID#:	0240255	•		TEST RESU	LIS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Delected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants	000. T	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes;
					' '			discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2012/14	,3	0	ppm	1,3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2011*	.41	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; wate additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer an aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2012/14	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

Disinfectio	n By-	Produc	ets					
81. HAA5	N	2014	29	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTI-IM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2014	57.2	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2014	1,7	.6 – 3.5	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2014.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

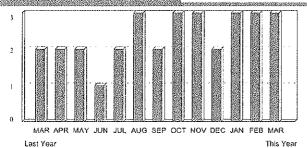
All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The City of D'Iberville works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Customer Service: 228-392-CITY (2489) Emergency After Hours & Weekends: 228-392-2310

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Garbage collection by Waste Pro: 1-800-901-7072

South of I-10: Tuesday & Friday - Garbage Pickup

Wednesday - Trash Pickup and Boom Truck for Bulk Piles

Friday - Recycle Pickup

North of I-10: Wednesday & Saturday - Garbage Pickup

Wednesday - Trash Pickup and Boom Truck for Bulk Piles

Friday - Recycle Pickup

CHARGES ARE DUE BY DUE DATE

No other notice will be sent.

Past Due Amount is Subject to Disconnection of Service

Customer Name CHRISTOPHER BROWN Account Number: 01-401600-00

Service Address: 309 PEACH ST Service Period: 03/13/15 04/13/15 Last Payment Received: 03/16/15

-\$95.93 Billing Date: 04/24/15 Due Date: 05/11/15

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of Days Prev Read Cur Read Usage Water: 31 47

agusta marasta e

Water: \$10.68 Sewer: \$30.13

Total Current Charge: \$40.81

CAMPION NEWS BEING

Unpaid Balance:	\$44.89
Current Charges:	\$40.81
Total Due If Paid By Due Date:	\$85.70
Total Due if Paid After Due Date:	\$93.87

Fees: Late Charge: 10% of amount due; Returned Check Fee: \$50; Reconnect Fee: \$50; Cut Lock/Tampering Fee: up to \$1000

MESSAGE CENTER

IMPORTANT MESSAGE ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER IS AVAILABLE IN THE 2014 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT. FIND THIS REPORT AT: http://www.msrwa.org/2014ccr/diberville.pdf. HARD COPIES ARE AVAILABLE AT D'IBERVILLE CITY HALL IN THE WATER DEPARTMENT, TIPS FOR CONSERVING WATER AT HOME: EVALUATE YOUR WATER HABITS, LOOK FOR LEAKS AND REPAIR THEM RIGHT AWAY. BE EFFICIENT IN THE SHOWER AND BATH.

Water

PLEASE DO NOT TAMPER WITH ANYTHING IN THE WATER METER BOX, IF YOU SEE ANY SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITY BY THE CITY WATER WELLS OR TOWERS, PLEASE NOTIFY THE CITY OR POLICE IMMEDIATELY.



RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

ուղայր[[խ]ույլեմիո[[[#դՄեր]]]|հրհեր ԱՄԻլի [[#դ CHRISTOPHER BROWN 309 PEACH ST **DIBERVILLE MS 39540-4305**



WALLE BURE BURE



Account Number: 01-401600-00 Current Charges: \$40.81 Due Date: 05/11/15 \$85,70 Balance Due Upon Receipt of Bill:

Please Remit & Make Checks Payable To:

CITY OF DIBERVILLE

WATER & SEWER DEPARTMENT PO BOX 6519 DIBERVILLE MS 39540-6519